

SPACE2016

Most important aerospace outcomes of the WRC-15

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15–17 March 2016, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates

Radiocommunication service KEY POINTS to remember

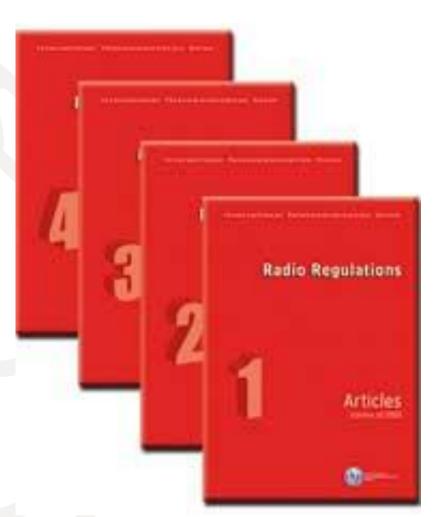


- Any flying object in air or outer space without
 a proper radiocommunication channel is
 just a dangerous piece of flying metal (debris)
- It is important to ensure that any [aeronautical/suborbital/outer space] radio operation avoids harmful interference (HI) to/from other systems and services
- It is important to ensure the availability and protection from harmful interference of the frequencies provided for distress and safety purposes
- ➤ **Is there a solution ? YES** Apply and Follow the ITU Radio Regulations!

ITU Radio Regulations



- Intergovernmental Treaty, *legal bindings* on all Member states, governing the *use of spectrum/orbit* resources by all radiocommunication *services*
- Define the *rights* and *obligations* of Member states in respect of the use of spectrum/orbit resources
- The ITU Radio Regulations incorporates the decisions of World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC)

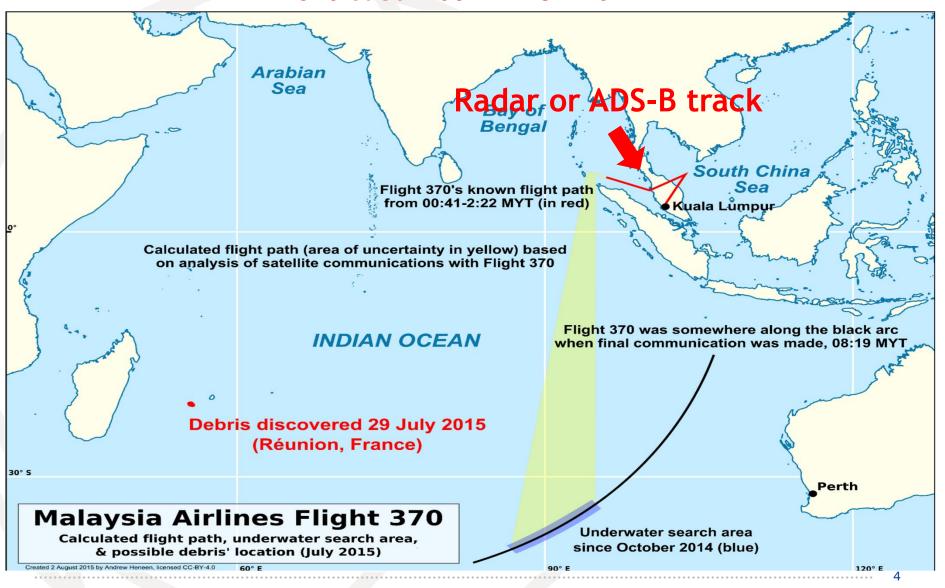




WRC-15 Agenda Item - AI.GFT



MH 370 case - 08.MARCH.2014





WRC-15 Agenda Item - AI.GFT



Global flight tracking (GFT) for civil aviation

> ITU PP conference (PP-14) OCT.2014

resolves to instruct WRC-15

to include in its agenda, <u>as a matter of urgency</u>, the consideration of **GFT**, including, if appropriate, and consistent with ITU practices, various aspects of the matter, taking into account ITU-R studies

- instructs the ITU Secretary-General
 to bring this resolution to the attention of WRC-15 and ICAO,
- instructs the Director of the Radiocommunication Bureau

to prepare a specific report on the matter as referred to in *resolves* above for consideration by WRC-15



WORLD RADIOCOMMUNICATION CONFERENCE 2015

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND 2 – 27 NOVEMBER 2015









WRC-15 Al.GFT Decision



RES-425 [COM4/2] (WRC-15) - Use of the frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) to facilitate **global flight tracking (GFT)** for civil aviation The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a PRIMARY basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters, that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards...

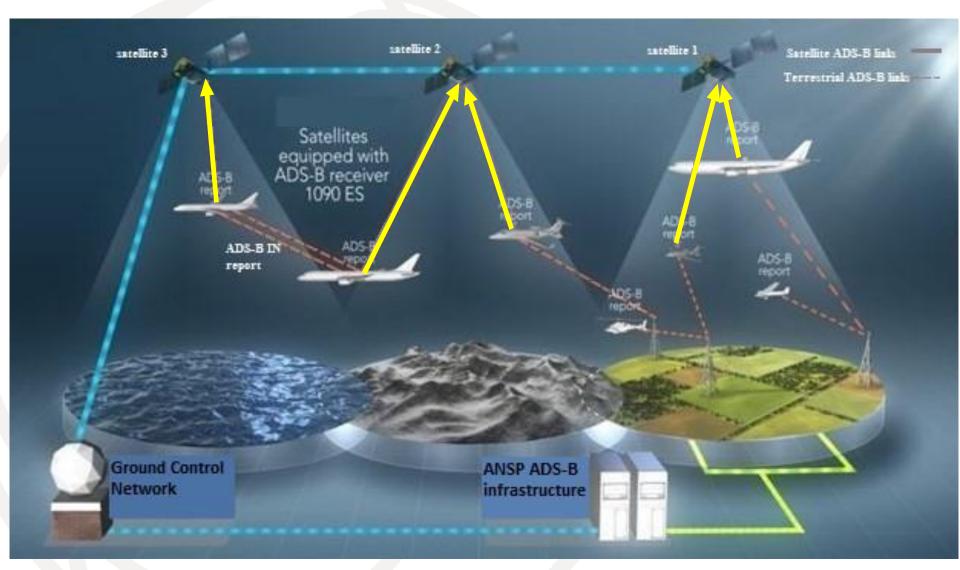
- RES-425 will protect essential frequency band for real-time GFT and surveillance of aircraft through ADS-B over satellite
- Current ATC can't go beyond the LOS of terrestrial radar or ADS-B stations, leaving the vast majority of the planet without ATC traffic surveillance
- This WRC-15 historical decision about the GFT will extend ATC surveillance coverage of ADS-B equipped aircraft from the 30 percent terrestrial coverage available today to 100 percent (global coverage) of the earth's surface



WRC-15 Al.GFT Decision



Seamless satellite based ADS-B - GFT - world wide

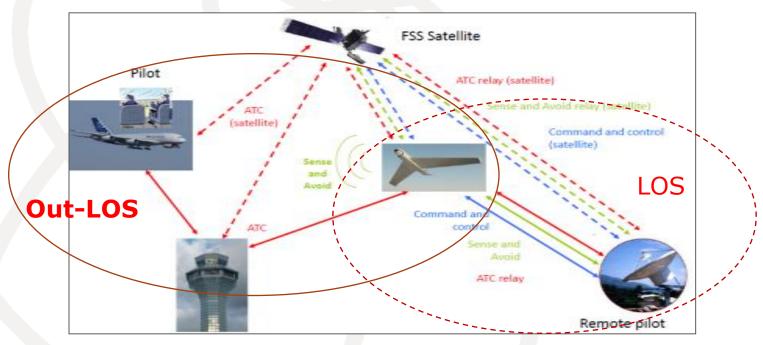




WRC-15 - AI 1.5 - UAS



AI.1.5 - Unmanned Aircraft Systems (**UAS**) – Consider use of FSS bands for control and non-payload communications (**CNPC**) of UAS in <u>non-segregated</u> airspaces in accordance with RES 153 (WRC-12)



- To identify conditions under which systems operating in the FSS could provide UA CNPC links
- No change, on the basis of concerns about the ability of FSS to provide a safety service



WRC-15 - AI 1.5 - UAS ICAO Seven Conditions



- 1. That the technical and regulatory actions should be limited to the case of UAS using satellites, as studied, and not set a precedent that puts other aeronautical safety services at risk.
- 2. That all frequency bands which carry aeronautical safety communications need to be clearly identified in the RR.
- 3. That the assignments and use of the relevant frequency bands have to be consistent with No. **4.10** (safety services...).
- 4. Knowledge that any assignment operating in those bands:
 - a) is in conformity with technical criteria of the RR;
 - b) has been successfully recorded in the International Master Frequency Register
- 5. That interference to systems is reported in a transparent manner and addressed in the appropriate time-scale.
- 6. That realistic worst case condition with inclusion of a safety margin can be applied during compatibility studies.
- 7. That any operational considerations for UAS will be handled in the ICAO and not in the ITU



WRC-15 Al.1.5-UAS Decision



RES-155 [COM4/5] (WRC-15) Regulatory provisions related to earth stations on board of UAS which operate with geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service in certain frequency bands for the control and non-payload communications (**CNPC**) of UAS in **non-segregated airspaces** *very complex RES with 19 resolves and 2 Annexes...*

UAS CNPC links will operate in accordance with international Standards and Recommended Practices and Procedures established in accordance with the Convention on International Civil Aviation

- 1.that assignments to stations of geostationary FSS satellite networks operating in the frequency bandsGHz (space-to-Earth) and GHz (Earth-to-space), may be used for UAS CNPC links in non-segregated airspace
- 2.that earth stations in motion on board UAS may communicate with the space station of a geostationary FSS satellite network operating in the frequency bands listed above...



WRC-15 - another interesting air/space related decisions



- RESOLUTION-424 [COM4/1] (WRC-15)
 Use of Wireless Avionics Intra-Communications in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz
- RESOLUTION-763 [COM5/7] (WRC-15)
 Stations on board sub-orbital vehicles

• RESOLUTION-659 [COM6/19] (WRC-15) Studies to accommodate requirements in the space operation service for non-geostationary satellites with short duration missions





If you wish to learn more about

➤ World Radiocommunication Conference (WRC)

http://www.itu.int/ITU-R/go/wrc/en

Free online access to ITU-R key documents

•ITU-Radio Regulations @ 2012

http://www.itu.int/pub/R-REG-RR-2012

•ITU-R Recommendations

http://www.itu.int/publ/R-REC/en



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THANK YOU

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